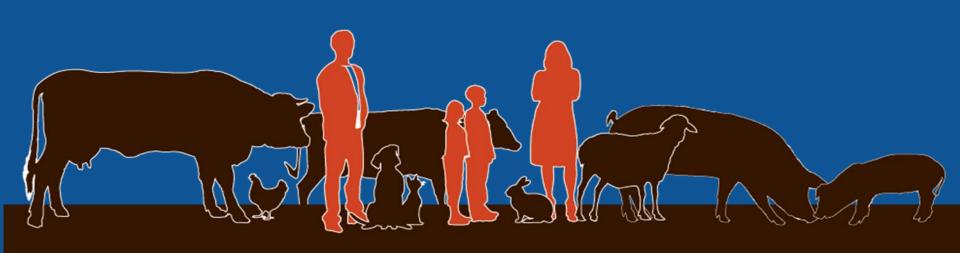
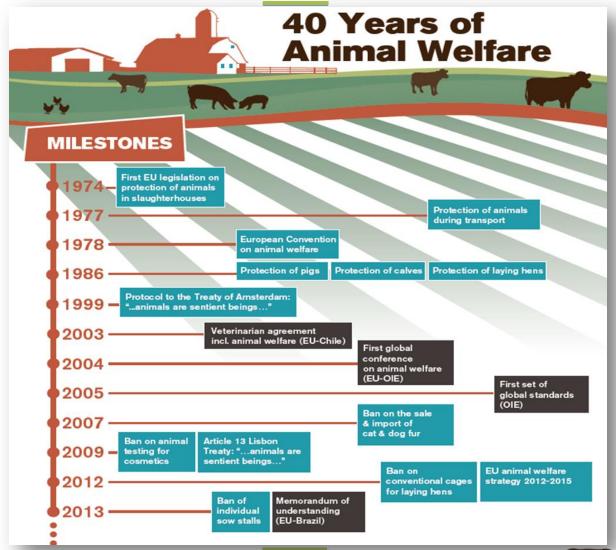


EU Animal Welfare policies

Andrea Gavinelli Head of Unit Animal Welfare DG Health and Consumers

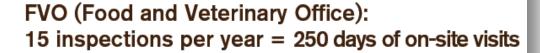








FAST FACTS







12 million sows



360 million laying hens



330 million eggs consumed and processed per day



10 million chickens slaughtered per day









1 million sheep, horses, cows and pigs slaughtered per day



Animal welfare is a societal concern in the EU

- Status of animal: from usefulness to emotion = role of modernisation and urbanisation
- <u>Ethical issue</u>: how you treat the ones who depend on your responsibility
- <u>Economical issue</u>: Most animals are kept for agriculture and businesses
- <u>Variety of situations</u> from corridas and foie gras to fur farming prohibitions







Provisions of the Treaty

Article 13 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the EU:

In formulating and implementing the <u>Union's</u> agriculture, fisheries, transport, internal market, research and technological development and space <u>policies</u>, the Union and the Member States shall, since animals are <u>sentient beings</u>, <u>pay full regard to the welfare requirements of animals</u>, while respecting the legislative or administrative provisions and customs of the Member States relating in particular to <u>religious rites</u>, <u>cultural traditions and regional heritage</u>.

EU Official Journal C 326 (consolidated version of EU treaties)





The EU competence for animal welfare

- Farm animals: Yes
- Experimental animals: Yes
- Wild animals: Partially (zoo directive, trapping standards, seals)
- Companion animals: No









The EU Animal Welfare Strategy - where it came from?

Science

Market

Enforcement

Ethics

Social demand

Coordination of resources

Competitiveness





Integration of risk and welfare assessment

<u>Risk</u> assessment

Focus on hazards

Make recommendations to reduce risk

Welfare assessment

Focus on outcome

Compares outcomes in ≠ situations





Creating a network of reference centres for animal welfare

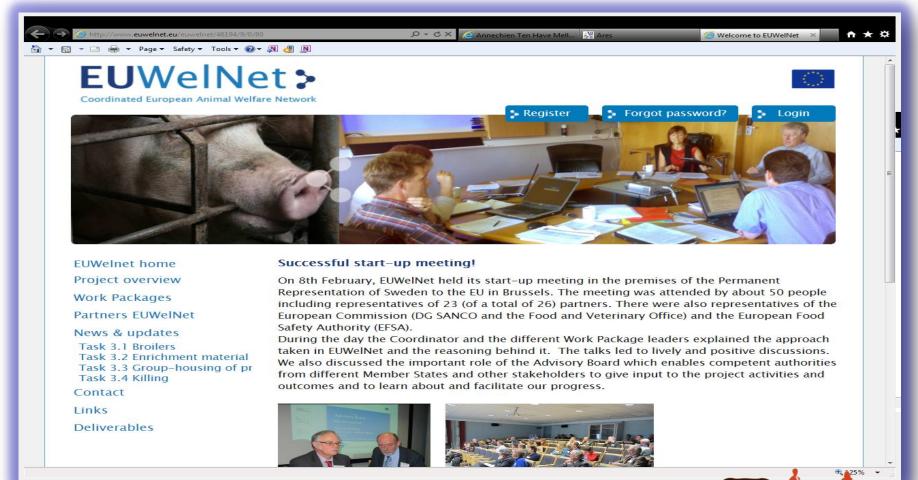
- Technical support to validate animal welfare indicators
- Vocational training
- Dissemination of research results and promoting innovation
- Coordinating applied research





EU Welnet

Website: http://www.euwelnet.eu/euwelnet/46194/9/0/80





EUWelNet

Website: http://www.euwelnet.eu/euwelnet/46194/9/0/80

Four main objectives:

- 1) Establish and coordinate a network of recognised technical, scientific and educational experts in the field;
- 2) Identify some of the bottlenecks/ difficulties in implementing a few examples of EU legislation on animal welfare;
- 3) Develop and test knowledge transfer strategies designed to overcome selected bottlenecks;
- 4) Make recommendations on the feasibility and the likely conditions required for an effective European animal welfare network.





Continue to inform and educate citizens and operators

- Farmland = www.farmland-thegame.eu
- Better Training for Safer Food
- Workshop for veterinary practioners







Better integrate animal welfare in others EU policies

- Most of the EU budget for animal welfare goes through measures on agriculture
- Reinforcing the coherence with the EU agriculture policy: cross-compliance, promotion, organic farming, quality of products, etc.
- Other possible links: Public procurement, corporate social responsibility, development, etc.







Main future perspectives for the ongoing change in thinking animal welfare:

Changing values in the society

New science:
AW indicators

Market drivers

Integration of AW with sustainable agenda

Holistic approach

New relations between producers and society

From "changing values"... to "added value"





Thank you for your attention!

ec.europa.eu/food/animal/welfare/index_en.htm



The views expressed here are purely those of the writer and may not in any circumstances be regarded as stating an official position of the European Commission